

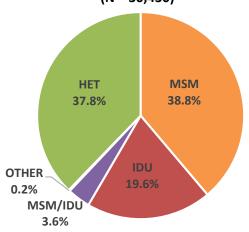
EXPOSURE CATEGORY* AND HIV IN MARYLAND, 2016

NOVEMBER 2017

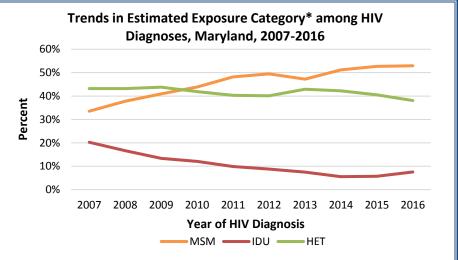
New HIV Diagnoses

- The proportion of new HIV diagnoses that were MSM increased from 31.4% in 2007 to 52.9% in 2016, while exposure among IDU decreased from **23.6%** to **7.6%** during the same timeframe. HET also slightly decreased from 41.8% in 2007 to 38.1% in 2016.
- Of the 807 male HIV diagnoses in 2016 in Maryland, 73.3% of those with a reported or estimated exposure were MSM.

Living Adult/Adolescent HIV Cases with Estimated Exposure*, Maryland, 2016 (N = 30,430)



- There are roughly equal percentages of cases in the **HET** (37.8%) and **MSM** (38.8%) exposure categories.
- The distribution of exposure category is very different for men and women. Threequarters of female cases have a reported or estimated HET exposure (76.2%), while slightly more than half of male cases are MSM (58.3%).



Characteristics of Living HIV Cases

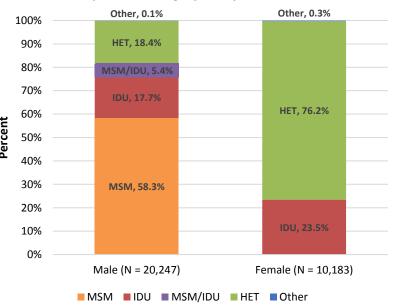
NH-Black **NH-White**

- 41.7% HET
- 33.2% MSM
- 21.5% IDU
- 3.4% MSM/IDU

- 62.4% MSM
- 18.8% HET
- 14.1% IDU
- **Hispanic** 48.9% MSM
- 38.6% HET
- 9.3% IDU
- 3.2% MSM/IDU

Living Adult/Adolescent HIV Cases with Estimated Exposure* Category, Maryland, 2016

• 4.2% MSM/IDU



HET: Heterosexual Exposure | IDU: Injection Drug User | MSM: Men who have Sex with Men | NH: Non-Hispanic

Center for HIV Surveillance, Epidemiology and Evaluation Prevention and Health Promotion Administration Maryland Department of Health

* Multiple imputation was used to estimate and adjust for missing transmission category.

Data reported through 06/30/2017 from the Enhanced HIV/AIDS Reporting System.